APG975Mu61 100μg
Active Interferon Alpha 5 (IFNa5)
Organism Species: *Mus musculus (Mouse)*
Instruction manual

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY
NOT FOR USE IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

13th Edition (Revised in Aug, 2023)

[PROPERTIES]

Source: Eukaryotic expression.
Host: 293F cell
Residues: Cys24~Glu189
Tags: N-terminal His-tag
Purity: >90%
Endotoxin Level: <1.0EU per 1μg (determined by the LAL method).
Buffer Formulation: PBS, pH7.4, containing 5% Trehalose .
Original Concentration: 200μg/mL
Applications: Activity Assays.
(May be suitable for use in other assays to be determined by the end user.)
Predicted isoelectric point: 8.8
Predicted Molecular Mass: 20.6kDa
Accurate Molecular Mass: 27kDa as determined by SDS-PAGE reducing conditions.
Phenomenon explanation:
The possible reasons that the actual band size differs from the predicted are as follows:

1. Splice variants: Alternative splicing may create different sized proteins from the same gene.
2. Relative charge: The composition of amino acids may affects the charge of the protein.
3. Post-translational modification: Phosphorylation, glycosylation, methylation etc.
4. Post-translation cleavage: Many proteins are synthesized as pro-proteins, and then cleaved to give the active form.
5. Polymerization of the target protein: Dimerization, multimerization etc.

[USAGE]

Reconstitute in 10mM PBS (pH7.4) to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Do not vortex.

[STORAGE AND STABILITY]

Storage: Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.
Store at 2-8°C for one month.
Aliquot and store at -80°C for 12 months.

Stability Test: The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.

[SEQUENCE]

CDLLQTHNLRNKRALTLLVKMRRLSPLSCLKDRKDFGFPQEKVGAQQIQEAQAIPVLSELTQQVLNIFTSKDSSAAWNATLL
DSFCNEVHQQLNDLKACVMQQVGVQESPLTQEDSLLAVRKYFHRITVYLREKKHSPCAWEVVRAEVWRALSSSVNLLARLSK
EE

[ACTIVITY]

Interferon Alpha 5 (IFNa5), a member of the type I interferon family, is a cytokine primarily expressed by virus-infected cells and immune cells . It binds to the interferon- α / β receptor (IFNAR) to activate JAK-STAT signaling, inducing expression of interferon-stimulated genes (ISGs). This triggers antiviral, antiproliferative, and immunomodulatory responses, inhibiting viral replication and enhancing immune cell activity. IFNa5 exhibits therapeutic potential in treating viral infections (e.g., hepatitis B/C) and cancers. Its activity is tightly regulated to balance immune defense and avoid excessive inflammation or autoimmunity.Besides,Interferon Gamma Receptor 1 (IFNgR1) has been identified as an interactor of IFNa5, thus a functional binding ELISA assay was conducted to detect the interaction of recombinant mouse IFNa5 and recombinant human IFNgR1 . Briefly, biotin-linked IFNa5 were diluted serially in PBS, with 0.01% BSA

(pH 7.4). Duplicate samples of 100 μl were then transferred to IFNgR1-coated microtiter wells and incubated for 1h at 37℃. Wells were washed with PBST 3 times and incubation with Streptavidin-HRP for 30min, then wells were aspirated and washed 5 times. With the addition of substrate solution, wells were incubated 15-25 minutes at 37℃. Finally, add 50μl stop solution to the wells and read at 450nm immediately. The binding activity of IFNa5 and IFNgR1 was shown in Figure 1, the EC50 for this effect is 0.307ug/mL.

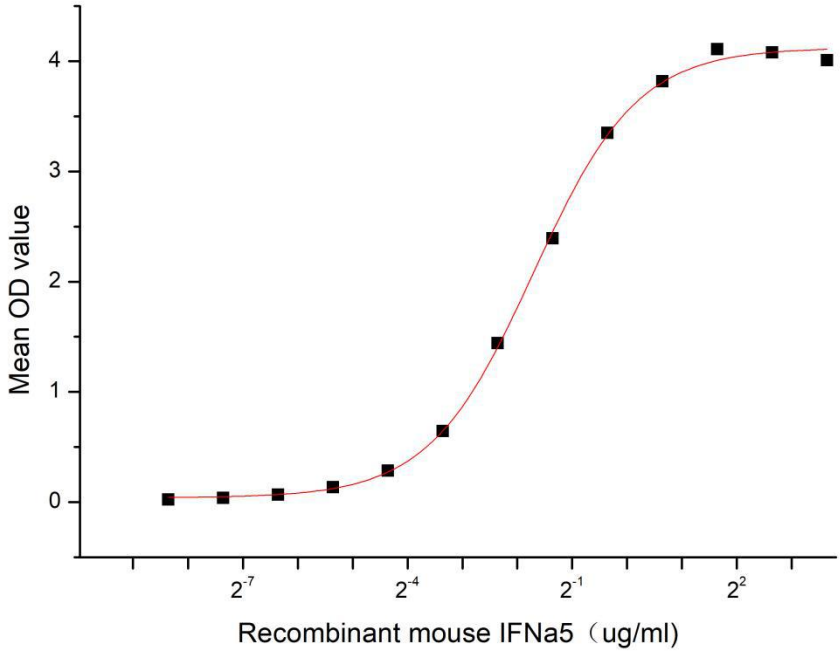

Figure 1. The binding activity of recombinant mouse IFNa5 and recombinant human IFNgR1

[IDENTIFICATION]

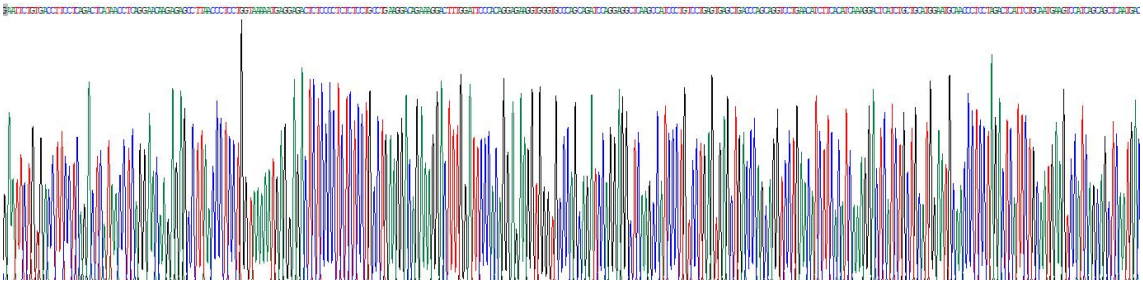

Figure 2. Gene Sequencing (extract)

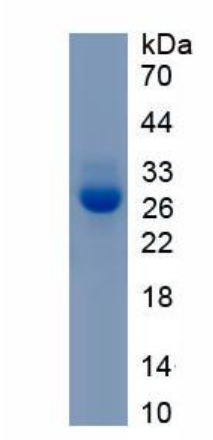

Figure 3. SDS-PAGE

Sample: Active recombinant IFNa5, Mouse

[IMPORTANT NOTE]

The kit is designed for research use only, we will not be responsible for any issue if the kit was used in clinical diagnostic or any other procedures.