APE842Hu01 10µg

Active Interleukin 1 Zeta (IL1z)

Organism Species: Homo sapiens (Human)

Instruction manual

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY
NOT FOR USE IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

13th Edition (Revised in Aug, 2023)

[PROPERTIES]

Source: Prokaryotic expression.

Host: E. coli

Residues: Lys27~Asp192 Tags: N-terminal His-tag

Purity: >90%

Endotoxin Level: <1.0EU per 1μg (determined by the LAL method). **Buffer Formulation:** PBS, pH7.4, containing 0.01% SKL, 5% Trehalose.

Original Concentration: 500µg/mL

Applications: Cell culture; Activity Assays.

(May be suitable for use in other assays to be determined by the end user.)

Predicted isoelectric point: 8.7

Predicted Molecular Mass: 22.0kDa

Accurate Molecular Mass: 22kDa as determined by SDS-PAGE reducing conditions.

[USAGE]

Reconstitute in 10mM PBS (pH7.4) to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Do not vortex.

[STORAGE AND STABILITY]

Storage: Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Store at 2-8°C for one month.

Aliquot and store at -80°C for 12 months.

Stability Test: The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.

[SEQUENCE]

KNLN PKKFSIHDQD HKVLVLDSGN LIAVPDKNYI RPEIFFALAS SLSSASAEKG SPILLGVSKG EFCLYCDKDK GQSHPSLQLK KEKLMKLAAQ KESARRPFIF YRAQVGSWNM LESAAHPGWF ICTSCNCNEP VGVTDKFENR KHIEFSFQPV CKAEMSPSEV SD

[ACTIVITY]

Interleukin 37, also known as Interleukin 1 Zeta (IL1z), is an anti-inflammatory cytokine. Interleukines are cytokines that make an important part of immune signaling. It belongs to the interleukin-1 family. IL-37 plays a role in protecting the body against endotoxin shock, ischemia-reperfusion injury, autoimmune diseases, and cardiovascular diseases. In addition, IL-37 has a potential antitumor effect. Besides, Interleukin 18 Receptor 1 (IL18R1) has been identified as an interactor of IL1z, thus a binding ELISA assay was conducted to detect the interaction of recombinant human IL1z and recombinant human IL18R1. Briefly, IL1z were diluted serially in PBS, with 0.01% BSA (pH 7.4). Duplicate samples of 100µl were then transferred to IL18R1-coated microtiter wells and incubated for 2h at 37°C. Wells were washed with PBST and incubated for 1h with anti-IL1z pAb, then aspirated and washed 3 times. After incubation with HRP labelled secondary antibody, wells were aspirated and washed 3 times. With the addition of substrate solution, wells were incubated 15-25 minutes at 37 °C. Finally, add 50µl stop solution to the wells and read at 450nm immediately. The binding activity of IL1z and IL18R1 was shown in Figure 1, and this effect was in a dose dependent manner.

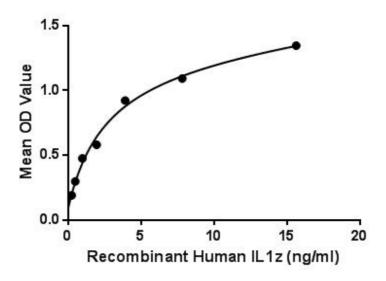


Figure 1. The binding activity of IL1z with IL18R1

[IDENTIFICATION]



Figure 2. SDS-PAGE

Sample: Active recombinant IL1z, Human

[IMPORTANT NOTE]

The kit is designed for research use only, we will not be responsible for any issue if the kit was used in clinical diagnostic or any other procedures.