

APB980Hu01 50µg
Active Active Interleukin 33 (IL33)
Organism Species: *Homo sapiens* (Human)
Instruction manual

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY
NOT FOR USE IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

13th Edition (Revised in Aug, 2023)

[PROPERTIES]

Source: Prokaryotic expression.

Host: *E. coli*

Residues: Ser112~Thr228

Tags: N-terminal His-tag

Purity: >95%

Endotoxin Level: <1.0EU per 1µg (determined by the LAL method).

Buffer Formulation: PBS, pH7.4, containing 0.01% SKL, 5% Trehalose.

Original Concentration: 5000µg/mL

Applications: Cell culture; Activity Assays.

(May be suitable for use in other assays to be determined by the end user.)

Predicted isoelectric point: 5.5

Predicted Molecular Mass: 16.8kDa

Accurate Molecular Mass: 14kDa as determined by SDS-PAGE reducing conditions.

[USAGE]

Reconstitute in 10mM PBS (pH7.4) to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Do not vortex.

[STORAGE AND STABILITY]

Storage: Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Store at 2-8°C for one month.

Aliquot and store at -80°C for 12 months.

Stability Test: The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate

was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.

[SEQUENCE]

SITDKVLLSYYESQHPSPNESGDGVDGKMLMVTLSPTKDFWLHANNKEHSVELHKCEKPLPDQAFFVL
HNMHSNCVSFECKTDPGVFIGVKDNHLALIKVDSSENLCTENILFKLSET

[ACTIVITY]

Interleukin 33 is a member of the IL-1 family that potently drives production of T helper-2 (Th2)-associated cytokines. IL33 is a ligand for ST2 (IL1RL1), an IL-1 family receptor that is highly expressed on Th2 cells, mast cells and group 2 innate lymphocytes. IL-33 is expressed by a wide variety of cell types, including fibroblasts, mast cells, dendritic cells, macrophages, osteoblasts, endothelial cells, and epithelial cells. Besides, Interleukin 1 Receptor Like Protein 1 (IL1RL1) has been identified as an interactor of IL33, thus a binding ELISA assay was conducted to detect the interaction of recombinant human IL33 and recombinant human IL1RL1. Briefly, IL33 were diluted serially in PBS, with 0.01% BSA (pH 7.4). Duplicate samples of 100uL were then transferred to IL1RL1-coated microtiter wells and incubated for 2h at 37 °C . Wells were washed with PBST and incubated for 1h with anti-IL33pAb, then aspirated and washed 3 times. After incubation with HRP labelled secondary antibody, wells were aspirated and washed 3 times. With the addition of substrate solution, wells were incubated 15-25 minutes at 37 °C . Finally, add 50µL stop solution to the wells and read at 450nm immediately. The binding activity of IL33and IL1RL1 was shown in Figure 1, and this effect was in a dose dependent manner.

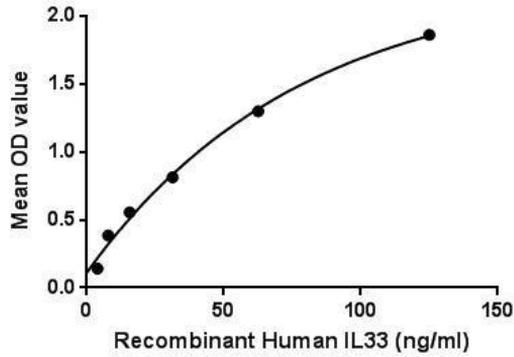


Figure 1. The binding activity of IL33 with IL1RL1.

[IDENTIFICATION]

2AGTATCACAGATAAGGTGTACTGTGGTATTATGAGCTCAGACCCCTCAATGATGAGGTGAGGTGTGATGGTAAAGTGTAAATGGTAAACCTGAGTCTACAAAAGACTTCTGGTTCATGCTCAACAGCAGGAGCACTCTGTGGAGCTCATAGGTGTGAAAAGACATGCCAGAGCCCTCTTTGTCC
 SITFDKVFLLSTPESQHPFSRESGDPGVDGKHLNLYLLSPTTRDFVLRARNRKKEHSVVELHKCEKPLFDQAPFYE

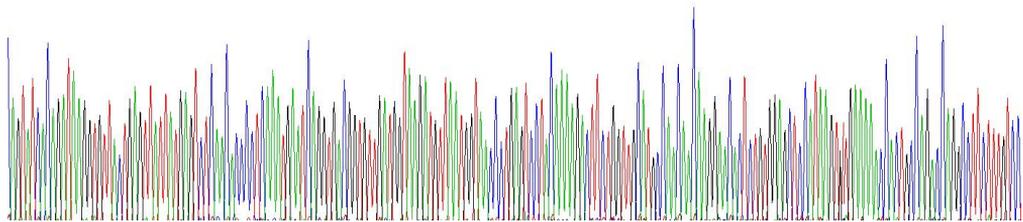
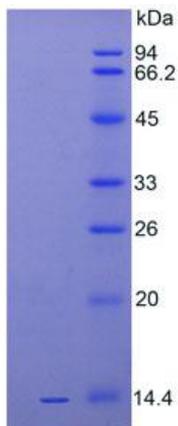


Figure 2. Gene Sequencing (extract)



Sample: Active recombinant IL33, Human

[IMPORTANT NOTE]

The kit is designed for research use only, we will not be responsible for any issue if the kit was used in clinical diagnostic or any other procedures.