

PAB048Hu81

**FITC-Linked Antibody** 

To Protein Tyrosine Phosphatase Receptor Type B (PTPRB)

Organism Species: Homo sapiens (Human)

Instruction manual

FOR IN VITRO USE AND RESEARCH USE ONLY
NOT FOR USE IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

# [ PRODUCT INFORMATION ]

Immunogen: PTPRB, Human

**Clonality:** Polyclonal **Conjugation:** FITC

Host: Rabbit

Immunoglobulin Type: IgG

**Purification:** Affinity Chromatography.

Applications: WB, ICC, IHC-P, IHC-F, ELISA

Concentration: 200µg/mL

**UOM**: 100μg

# 9th Edition (Revised in Jul, 2013) Western Blot kDa 70 44 33 ←32kDa 26 22 18 14 10

Sample: Recombinant PTPRB, Human

# [ IMMUNOGEN INFORMATION ]

Immunogen: Recombinant PTPRB (Ala1655~Asp1918) expressed in *E.coli*.

Accession No.: RPB048Hu01

Sequence: The target protein is fused with two N-terminal Tags, His-tag and

T7-tag and its sequence is listed below.

MGSSHHHHHH SSGLVPRGSH MASMTGGQQM GRGSEF- ARLSIR RDRPLSVHLN LGQKGNRKTS CPIKINQFEG HFMKLQADSN YLLSKEYEEL KDVGRNQSCD IALLPENRGK NRYNNILPYD ATRVKLSNVD DDPCSDYINA SYIPGNNFRR EYIVTQGPLP GTKDDFWKMV WEQNVHNIVM VTQCVEKGRV KCDHYWPADQ DSLYYGDLIL QMLSESVLPE WTIREFKICG EEQLDAHRLI RHFHYTVWPD HGVPETTQSL IQFVRTVRDY INRSPGAGPT VVHCSAGVGR TGTFIALD



### [ANTIBODY SPECIFITY]

The antibody is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against PTPRB. It has been selected for its ability to recognize PTPRB in immunohistochemical staining and western blotting.

# [APPLICATIONS]

Western blotting: 1:50-400

Immunocytochemistry in formalin fixed cells: 1:50-500

Immunohistochemistry in formalin fixed frozen section: 1:50-500

Immunohistochemistry in paraffin section: 1:10-100 Enzyme-linked Immunosorbent Assay: 1:100-200

Optimal working dilutions must be determined by end user.

# [CONTENTS]

**Form & Buffer:** Supplied as solution form in PBS, pH7.4, containing 0.02% NaN<sub>3</sub>, 50% glycerol.

### [STORAGE]

Store at 4°C for frequent use. Stored at -20°C to -80°C in a manual defrost freezer for one year without detectable loss of activity. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. **Note:** As fluorescence can photobleach when exposed to light, so the antibody must be protected from light.