

RPD522Hu01 50µq Recombinant Heat Shock Protein 90kDa Alpha B1 (HSP90aB1) Organism Species: Homo sapiens (Human) Instruction manual

FOR IN VITRO USE AND RESEARCH USE ONLY NOT FOR USE IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

10th Edition (Revised in Jan, 2014)

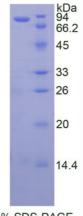
#### [PROPERTIES]

Residues: Met1~Asp724 Tags: N-terminal His-Tag Accession: P08238 Host: E. coli Subcellular Location: Cytoplasm. Melanosome. **Purity:** >95% Endotoxin Level: <1.0EU per 1µg (determined by the LAL method). Formulation: Supplied as lyophilized form in PBS, pH7.4, containing 1mM DTT, 5% trehalose, 0.01% 15% SDS-PAGE sarcosyl and preservative. Predicted isoelectric point: 5.1 Predicted Molecular Mass: 85.5kDa Applications: SDS-PAGE; WB; ELISA; IP.

(May be suitable for use in other assays to be determined by the end user.)

# [USAGE]

Reconstitute in sterile PBS, pH7.2-pH7.4.



# [ STORAGE AND STABILITY ]

Storage: Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Store at 2-8°C for one month.

Aliquot and store at -80°C for 12 months.

**Stability Test:** The thermal stability is described by the loss rate of the target protein. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. (Referring from China Biological Products Standard, which was calculated by the Arrhenius equation.) The loss of this protein is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.

# [<u>SEQUENCES</u>]

The sequence of the target protein is listed below.

MPEEVHHGEE EVETFAFQAE IAQLMSLIIN TFYSNKEIFL RELISNASDA LDKIRYESLT DPSKLDSGKE LKIDIIPNPQ ERTLTLVDTG IGMTKADLIN NLGTIAKSGT KAFMEALQAG ADISMIGQFG VGFYSAYLVA EKVVVITKHN DDEQYAWESS AGGSFTVRAD HGEPIGRGTK VILHLKEDQT EYLEERRVKE VVKKHSQFIG YPITLYLEKE REKEISDDEA EEEKGEKEEE DKDDEEKPKI EDVGSDEEDD SGKDKKKKTK KIKEKYIDQE ELNKTKPIWT RNPDDITQEEYGEFYKSLTN DWEDHLAVKH FSVEGQLEFR ALLFIPRRAP FDLFENKKKK NNIKLYVRRV FIMDSCDELI PEYLNFIRGV VDSEDLPLNI SREMLQQSKI LKVIRKNIVK KCLELFSELA EDKENYKKFY EAFSKNLKLG IHEDSTNRRR LSELLRYHTS QSGDEMTSLS EYVSRMKETQ KSIYYITGES KEQVANSAFV ERVRKRGFEV VYMTEPIDEY CVQQLKEFDG KSLVSVTKEG LELPEDEEEK KKMEESKAKF ENLCKLMKEI LDKKVEKVTI SNRLVSSPCC IVTSTYGWTA NMERIMKAQA LRDNSTMGYM MAKKHLEINP DHPIVETLRQ KAEADKNDKA VKDLVVLLFE TALLSSGFSL EDPQTHSNRI YRMIKLGLGI DEDEVAAEEP NAAVPDEIPP LEGDEDASRM EEVD

# [REFERENCES]

- 1. Rebbe N.F., et al. (1987) Gene 53:235-245.
- 2. Rebbe N.F., et al. (1989) J. Biol. Chem. 264:15006-15011.
- 3. Hoffmann T., Hovemann B. (1988) Gene 74:491-501.
- 4. Lees-Miller S.P., Anderson C.W. (1989) J. Biol. Chem. 264:2431-2437.