

P97775Hu01

Inter Alpha-Globulin Inhibitor H5 (ITIH5)

Organism: Homo sapiens (Human)

Instruction manual

FOR IN VITRO USE AND RESEARCH USE ONLY
NOT FOR USE IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

5th Edition (Revised in January, 2013)

[DESCRIPTION]

Protein Names: Inter Alpha-Globulin Inhibitor H5

Synonyms: ITIH5, KIAA1953, PP14776, UNQ311
/PRO354

Species: Human

Size: 50 μ g

Source: *Escherichia coli*-derived

Subcellular Location: Secreted.

[PROPERTIES]

Residues: Gln251~Asn508 (Accession # Q86UX2),
with N-terminal His-Tag.

Grade & Purity: >95%, 33kDa as determined by
SDS-PAGE reducing conditions.

Formulation: Supplied as lyophilized form in PBS, pH
7.4, containing 5% sucrose, 0.01% sarcosyl.

Endotoxin Level: <1.0 EU per 1 μ g (determined by
the LAL method).

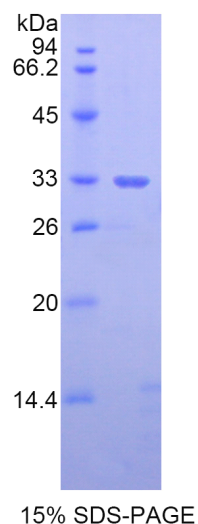
Applications: SDS-PAGE; WB; ELISA; IP.

(May be suitable for use in other assays to be determined by the end user.)

Predicted Molecular Mass: 30.5kDa

Predicted isoelectric point: 6.9

Human ITIH5



Unique product Superb quality Client favorite Nicest service  ISO9001:2008;  ISO13485:2003; 

[PREPARATION]

Reconstitute in sterile PBS, pH7.2-pH7.4.

[STORAGE AND STABILITY]

Storage: Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Store at 2-8°C for one month.

Aliquot and store at -80°C for 12 months.

Stability Test: The thermal stability is described by the loss rate of the target protein. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. (Referring from China Biological Products Standard, which was calculated by the Arrhenius equation.) The loss of this protein is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.

[SEQUENCES]

The target protein is fused with N-terminal His-Tag, its sequence is listed below.

MGHHHHHSGSEF- QNGILGDFII RYDVNREQSI GDIQVLNGYF VHYFAPKDLF
PLPKNVVFLV DSSASVMGK LKQTKDALFT ILHDLRPQDR FSIIGFSNRI KVKWDHLISV
TPDSIRDGKV YIHHMSPTGG TDINGALQRA IRLLNKYVAH SGIGDRSVSL IVFLTDGKPT
VGETHTLKIL NNTREAARGQ VCIFTIGIGN DVDFRLLLEKL SLENCGLTRR VHEEEDAGSQ
LIGFYDEIRT PLLSDIRIDY PPSSVVQATK TLFPNYFN

[REFERENCES]

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2. Anveden A., *et al.* (2012) Obesity (Silver Spring) 20:708-714.
3. Rose J.E., *et al.* (2010) Mol. Med. 16:247-253.
4. Karasik D., *et al.* (2010) J. Bone Miner. Res. 25:1555-1563.