

PAD436Mu01

Polyclonal Antibody to Myosin IG (MYO1G)

Organism Species: Mus musculus (Mouse)

Instruction manual

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY NOT FOR USE IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

12th Edition (Revised in Aug, 2016)



[PROPERTIES]

Source: Polyclonal antibody preparation

Host: Rabbit

Purification: Antigen-specific affinity chromatography followed by Protein A affinity

chromatography

Traits: Liquid

Concentration: 1mg/ml

UOM: 100µl

Cross Reactivity: N/A

Applications: WB; IHC; ICC; IP.

[IMMUNOGEN]

Immunogen: Recombinant MYO1G (Val754~Thr1018 (Accession # Q5SUA5)) expressed in

E.coli

Accession No.: RPD436Mu01

[APPLICATIONS]

Western blotting: 0.5-2µg/mL;

Immunohistochemistry: 5-20µg/mL;

Immunocytochemistry: 5-20µg/mL;

Optimal working dilutions must be determined by end user.

[FORMULATION]

Form & Buffer: Supplied as solution form in PBS, pH7.4, containing 0.02% NaN3, 50% glycerol.

[STORAGE AND STABILITY]

Storage: Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Store at 4°C for frequent use.

Aliquot and store at -20°C for 24 months.

Stability Test: The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined



by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.

[IDENTIFICATION]

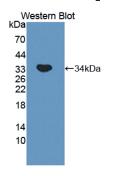
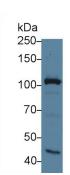
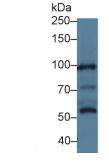


Figure. Western Blot; Sample: Recombinant MYO1G, Mouse.



Western Blot; Sample: Mouse Spleen lysate:



Western Blot; Sample: Mouse Lymph node lysate;

Primary Ab: 2µg/ml Rabbit Anti-Mouse Primary Ab: 2µg/ml Rabbit Anti-Mouse MYO1G Antibody Second Ab: 0.2µg/mL HRP-Linked Caprine Anti-Rabbit IgG Polyclonal Antibody

(Catalog: SAA544Rb19)

MYO1G Antibody Second Ab: 0.2µg/mL HRP-Linked Caprine Anti-Rabbit IgG Polyclonal Antibody

(Catalog: SAA544Rb19)

[IMPORTANT NOTE]

The kit is designed for research use only, we will not be responsible for any issue if the kit was used in clinical diagnostic or any other procedures.