RPB969Ra01 50µg Recombinant Complement Component 5 (C5) Organism Species: Rattus norvegicus (Rat) *Instruction manual* 

#### FOR IN VITRO USE AND RESEARCH USE ONLY NOT FOR USE IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

9th Edition (Revised in Jul, 2013)

#### [PROPERTIES]

Residues: Cys1541~Ala1688 (Accession # XM_001079130.5),	kDa	-		
with two N-terminal Tags, His-tag and T7-tag.	70	3		
Host: E. coli	44	-		
Subcellular Location: Secreted.	33	1		
Purity: >95%	26			
•	22			
Endotoxin Level: <1.0EU per 1µg	18	-		
(determined by the LAL method).	10			
Formulation: Supplied as lyophilized form in 20mM Tris,	14			
150mM NaCl, pH8.0, containing 1mM EDTA, 1mM DTT,				
0.01% sarcosyl, 5% trehalose, and preservative.	10	1		
Predicted isoelectric point: 5.9	15	15% SDS-PAGE		
Predicted Molecular Mass: 20.5kDa				
Applications: SDS-PAGE; WB; ELISA; IP.				
(May be suitable for use in other assays to be determined by the end user.)				

# [ <u>USAGE</u> ]

Reconstitute in ddH<sub>2</sub>O.

## [ STORAGE AND STABILITY ]

Storage: Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Store at 2-8°C for one month.

Aliquot and store at -80°C for 12 months.

**Stability Test:** The thermal stability is described by the loss rate of the target protein. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. (Referring from China Biological Products Standard, which was calculated by the Arrhenius equation.) The loss of this protein is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.

## [<u>SEQUENCES</u>]

The target protein is fused with two N-terminal Tags, His-tag and T7-tag, its sequence is listed below.

MGSSHHHHHH SSGLVPRGSH MASMTGGQQM GRGSEF- CGQLQAELDL AISADTRKET ACKPEIAYAY KVRITSATEE NIFVKYTATL LDIYKTGEAA AEKDSEITFI KKISCTNANL VKGKQYLIMG KEALQIKHNF SFKYIYPLDS STWIEYWPTD TTCPSCQAFV ANLDEFAEDI FLNGCENA

## [REFERENCES]

- 1. Cui L.-X., et al. (1985) Complement 2:18-19.
- 2. Cui L.-X., et al. (1994) Protein Sci. 3:1169-1177.
- 3. Rothermel E., et al. (1997) Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1351:9-12.
- 4. Short A., et al. (1999) Br. J. Pharmacol. 126:551-554.