## Cloud-Clone Corp.

RPH464Hu01 50 $\mu \mathrm{g}$
Recombinant p21 Protein Activated Kinase 4 (PAK4)
Organism Species: Homo sapiens (Human)
Instruction manual

FOR IN VITRO USE AND RESEARCH USE ONLY
NOT FOR USE IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

10th Edition (Revised in Jan, 2014)

## [ PROPERTIES ]

Residues: Val299~Ser542
Tags: Two N-terminal Tags, His-tag and T7-tag
Accession: O96013
Host: E. coli
Subcellular Location: Cytoplasm
Purity: >95\%
Endotoxin Level: <1.0EU per $1 \mu \mathrm{~g}$
(determined by the LAL method).
Formulation: Supplied as lyophilized form in 20 mM Tris,
$500 \mathrm{mM} \mathrm{NaCl}, \mathrm{pH} 8.0$, containing 1 mM EDTA, 1 mM DTT, $15 \%$ SDS-PAGE
0.01\% sarcosyl, $5 \%$ trehalose, and preservative.

Predicted isoelectric point: 6.7
Predicted Molecular Mass: 31.4 kDa
Applications: SDS-PAGE; WB; ELISA; IP.
(May be suitable for use in other assays to be determined by the end user.)

## [ USAGE]

Reconstitute in $\mathrm{ddH}_{2} \mathrm{O}$.

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## [ STORAGE AND STABILITY ]

## Storage: Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Store at $2-8^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for one month.
Aliquot and store at $-80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 12 months.
Stability Test: The thermal stability is described by the loss rate of the target protein. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at $37^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 48 h , and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. (Referring from China Biological Products Standard, which was calculated by the Arrhenius equation.) The loss of this protein is less than $5 \%$ within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.

## [ SEQUENCES ]

The sequence of the target protein is listed below. VS HEQFRAALQL VVDPGDPRSY LDNFIKIGEG STGIVCIATV RSSGKLVAVK KMDLRKQQRR ELLFNEVVIM RDYQHENVVE MYNSYLVGDE LWVVMEFLEG GALTDIVTHT RMNEEQIAAV CLAVLQALSV LHAQGVIHRD IKSDSILLTH DGRVKLSDFG FCAQVSKEVP RRKSLVGTPY WMAPELISRL PYGPEVDIWS LGIMVIEMVD GEPPYFNEPP LKAMKMIRDN LPPRLKNLHK vs

## [ REFERENCES ]

1. Abo A., et al. (1998) EMBO J. 17:6527-6540.
2. Hirosawa M., et al. (1999) DNA Res. 6:329-336.
3. Gnesutta N., et al. (2001) J. Biol. Chem. 276:14414-14419.
4. Qu J., et al. (2001) Mol. Cell. Biol. 21:3523-3533.
