

APA304Mu01 100μg Active Galectin 4 (GAL4)

Organism Species: Mus musculus (Mouse)

Instruction manual

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY
NOT FOR USE IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

1st Edition (Apr, 2016)

[PROPERTIES]

Source: Prokaryotic expression.

Host: E. coli

Residues: Met1~lle326
Tags: N-terminal His-tag

Purity: >98%

Endotoxin Level: <1.0EU per 1μg (determined by the LAL method). **Buffer Formulation:** PBS, pH7.4, containing 0.01% SKL, 5% Trehalose.

Applications: Cell culture; Activity Assays.

(May be suitable for use in other assays to be determined by the end user.)

Predicted isoelectric point: 9.4

Predicted Molecular Mass: 40.1kDa

Accurate Molecular Mass: 40kDa as determined by SDS-PAGE reducing conditions.

[USAGE]

Reconstitute in 10mM PBS (pH7.4) to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Do not vortex.

[STORAGE AND STABILITY]

Storage: Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Store at 2-8°C for one month.

Aliquot and store at -80°C for 12 months.

Stability Test: The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.

[SEQUENCE]

MAYVPAPGYQ PTYNPTLPYK RPIPGGLSVG MSVYIQGMAK ENMRRFHVNF AVGQDDGADV AFHFNPRFDG WDKVVFNTMQ SGQWGKEEKK KSMPFQKGKH FELVFMVMPE HYKVVVNGNS FYEYGHRLPV QMVTHLQVDG DLELQSINFL GGQPAAAPYP GAMTIPAYPA GSPGYNPPQM NTLPVMTGPP VFNPRVPYVG ALQGGLTVRR TIIIKGYVLP TARNFVINFK VGSSGDIALH LNPRIGDSVV RNSFMNGSWG AEERKVAYNP FGPGQFFDLS IRCGMDRFKV FANGQHLFDF SHRFQAFQMV DTLEINGDIT LSYVQI

[ACTIVITY]

Galectin-4(GAL4) is a protein that in humans is encoded by the LGALS4 gene. The galectins are a family of beta-galactoside-binding proteins implicated in modulating cell-cell and cell-matrix interactions. LGALS4 is an S-type lectin that is strongly underexpressed in colorectal cancer. In this case, we chose rabbit erythrocyte (RaE) to assay its ability of agglutination. A general procedure for hemagglutination assay (or haemagglutination assay; HA) is as follows, two-fold dilute the recombinant mouse GAL4 with 0.9% sodium chloride injection, add 50μL a serial dilution of GAL4 to each well of a U or V-bottom shaped 96-well microtiter plate. The final well serves as a negative control without GAL4, replace with 50μL 0.9% sodium chloride injection. Then add 50μL 1% rabbit erythrocyte to each well and mixed gently. The plate is incubated for 3 hours at room temperature. The results are shown in Figure 1. It was obvious that the minimal effective concentration of GAL4 is 12.5μg/mL.

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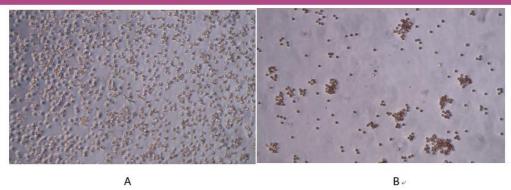


Figure 1. The hemagglutination of recombinant mouse GAL4

- (A) Rabbit erythrocyte reacted without GAL4 for 3h;
- (B) Rabbit erythrocyte reacted with 12.5ug/ml GAL4 for 3h.

Positive Negative A

Figure 2. The hemagglutination assay of GAL4 in V- bottom shaped 96-well microtiter plate.

[IDENTIFICATION]

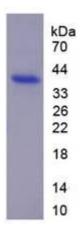




Figure 3. SDS-PAGE

Sample: Active recombinant GAL4, Mouse

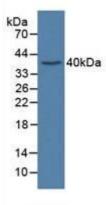


Figure 4. Western Blot

Sample: Recombinant GAL4, Mouse;

Antibody: Rabbit Anti- Mouse GAL4 Ab (PAA304Mu01)

[IMPORTANT NOTE]

The kit is designed for research use only, we will not be responsible for any issue if the kit was used in clinical diagnostic or any other procedures.